



Report on Test Takers Worldwide



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THE TOEIC® BACKGROUND QUESTIONNAIRE

The TOEIC® Background Questionnaire is a selfsurvey that gathers information about TOEIC test takers' educational background, work experience, English language study and use, and the TOEIC test-taking experience. Responses to the questionnaire enable score users to learn more about the backgrounds of people who take the test and some of the factors that affect their TOEIC scores and related improvement in English proficiency. Test takers are asked to complete the TOEIC Background Questionnaire before taking the TOEIC test.

The TOEIC Background Questionnaire is presented in Appendix A.

This report is based on the information gathered from all test takers who completed the TOEIC Background Questionnaire administered in 2024.

The vast majority of test takers included in this report are from Asia, so the results may not be representative of other regions. In addition, the response rates varied across different background questions (Appendix B). Consequently, care should be taken in making inferences based on this data.

Please note that all percentages within the text are rounded to the nearest whole number and in some cases may sum to more than 100 percent. Also note that all tables and figures reflect results only for categories containing 500 or more test takers.

DESCRIPTION OF TOEIC® LISTENING AND READING TEST TAKERS IN 2024

Background information was collected from all test takers who took the TOEIC[®] Listening and Reading test in 2024, through either the Public Testing Program or the Institutional Testing Program. The following are highlights about TOEIC test takers based on the collected data. As noted earlier, the number of test takers who responded to each background question varied across questions.

- The largest proportion of test takers (44%) were between 21 and 25 years of age;
- 50% of test takers were male and female, respectively;
- 56% of test takers had an undergraduate degree as their highest level of education or were pursuing one;
- 24% of test takers majored in engineering while 19% majored in liberal arts and 17% in businessrelated majors;
- 57% of test takers were full-time students, while 31% were employed full-time;
- 7% of test takers worked in the manufacturingelectronic industry and 12% in the service-other industry;
- 24% of test takers worked in scientific/technical professional positions, 16% worked in clerical/ administrative positions, and 14% worked in marketing/sales positions;

- 76% of test takers had spent more than 6 years studying English;
- 22% of test takers indicated Listening, Reading, Speaking, and Writing as their most emphasized skills when studying English. Another 22% of test takers indicated Listening and Speaking as their most emphasized skills when studying English;
- 41% of test takers indicated that they used English 1 to 10% of the time in their daily life;
- 32% and 21% of test takers selected Reading and Listening, respectively, as their most often used English language skills;
- 36% of test takers indicated that they "sometimes" had difficulty with English communication;
- Only 10% of test takers had spent six months or more in a native English-speaking country;
- When spending time in English-speaking countries, travel (29%) and participation in language programs (28%) were indicated by test takers as the most frequent purposes;
- 34% of test takers indicated that they had previously taken the TOEIC test three or more times;
- 27% of test takers had taken the TOEIC test for job application purposes, 26% for learning, and 26% for graduation.

MEAN TOEIC[®] LISTENING AND READING TEST SCORES ACROSS NATIVE COUNTRIES

Figure 1, below, shows the mean and standard deviation of TOEIC[®] scores by geographic region. Table 1, on the following page, is organized by the native country of test takers and shows the average test scores of all individuals from a given country. Please keep in mind that the native country of a test taker is not necessarily the country in which he or she took the TOEIC test. Only countries with more than 500 TOEIC test takers are included in this table.



Figure 1: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores by Region

*Note: All charts reflect results only for categories containing 500 or more test takers. Mexico is included in the data for North America.

TABLE 1: MEAN PERFORMANCE BY NATIVE COUNTRY

	Liste	ening	Reading		То	otal
Country	Mean	(SD)*	Mean	(SD)*	Mean	(SD)*
ALBANIA	294	(93)	239	(91)	533	(178)
ALGERIA	376	(96)	317	(106)	693	(196)
BELGIUM	405	(89)	365	(98)	770	(181)
BENIN	316	(103)	277	(103)	593	(198)
BRAZIL	285	(125)	235	(132)	520	(250)
CAMEROON	323	(97)	267	(102)	590	(190)
CHILE	348	(117)	301	(131)	649	(242)
CHINA, PEOPLE`S REPUBLIC	292	(99)	269	(102)	561	(192)
COLOMBIA	331	(112)	309	(111)	640	(216)
CONGO REPUBLIC	275	(110)	228	(105)	503	(208)
COSTA RICA	414	(88)	354	(103)	768	(184)
COTE D`IVOIRE (IVORY COAST)	311	(109)	264	(112)	575	(215)
EL SALVADOR	327	(101)	262	(109)	589	(203)
FRANCE	381	(98)	334	(112)	715	(205)
GERMANY	437	(73)	374	(103)	811	(170)
GREECE	347	(85)	278	(88)	625	(164)
HONG KONG	312	(110)	236	(118)	547	(221)
INDIA	421	(67)	351	(91)	772	(150)
INDONESIA	271	(110)	196	(103)	468	(205)
ITALY	406	(89)	362	(101)	768	(182)
JAPAN	311	(91)	253	(99)	564	(182)
KOREA (ROK)	375	(82)	303	(103)	678	(177)
LEBANON	450	(57)	403	(75)	853	(126)
MADAGASCAR	364	(95)	313	(103)	677	(192)
MALAYSIA	370	(89)	298	(109)	668	(192)
MEXICO	316	(126)	264	(129)	580	(250)
MONGOLIA	294	(96)	211	(105)	505	(193)
MOROCCO	391	(89)	328	(103)	719	(186)
MYANMAR (BURMA)	322	(102)	258	(115)	580	(211)
PERU	380	(91)	344	(96)	724	(180)
PHILIPPINES	393	(75)	326	(93)	719	(160)
POLAND	413	(82)	372	(96)	785	(169)
REUNION	336	(116)	280	(121)	615	(232)
SENEGAL	315	(108)	268	(107)	583	(208)
SPAIN	385	(88)	349	(98)	734	(179)
TAIWAN	315	(104)	266	(110)	581	(207)
THAILAND	316	(105)	230	(106)	546	(204)
TUNISIA	407	(82)	358	(93)	765	(169)
VIETNAM	316	(92)	254	(99)	570	(184)

*SD = Standard Deviation

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN LISTENING AND READING SCORES

The correlation between the two sections of the TOEIC[®] Listening and Reading test was about 0.85. (Appendix C presents the correlations between Listening and Reading across regions.) This is consistent with previous research and with the findings presented in the 2023 *Worldwide Data*

Report. This level of correlation indicates that the two measures are closely related, given that both measured test takers' proficiencies in using English in business communication and test takers tended to put forth the same amount of effort to study both skills together.

TEST TAKERS BY DEMOGRAPHIC VARIABLES

Table 2 presents the number and percentage of test takers falling into different demographic categories, as well as the average TOEIC Listening Comprehension, Reading Comprehension, and Total scores for each category. More in-depth information about test takers in these categories is shown later in this report. The categories used in this report are those found in the TOEIC Background Questionnaire.

TABLE 2: MEAN PERFORMANCE BY DEMOGRAPHIC CATEGORIES

		% of Test	Listening		ning Reading		Total	
		takers	Mean	(SD)*	Mean	(SD)*	Mean	(SD)*
	26 - 30	14.6	365	(89)	301	(103)	666	(184)
	31 – 35	7.2	356	(93)	298	(105)	654	(191)
	21 – 25	43.8	345	(94)	280	(105)	625	(191)
Age	36 - 40	4.4	341	(96)	284	(106)	625	(194)
	Over 45	5.1	333	(97)	284	(105)	617	(194)
	41 – 45	3.3	333	(97)	279	(105)	612	(194)
	20 or under	21.6	299	(100)	232	(106)	531	(197)
5								
Gender	Female	50.3	346	(95)	278	(107)	624	(194)
Ger	Male	49.7	329	(99)	271	(108)	600	(199)
	Graduate school	12.2	365	(88)	319	(99)	684	(180)
	Undergraduate college	55.8	351	(89)	290	(101)	640	(182)
	High school	8.0	311	(103)	248	(112)	559	(208)
on	Elementary school	0.5	285	(111)	215	(112)	500	(215)
Education	Junior high school	0.8	288	(110)	211	(109)	499	(211)
Ed	Language institution	0.9	289	(103)	207	(104)	496	(199)
	Community college	14.0	280	(90)	214	(91)	494	(172)
	Vocational school after high school	3.7	272	(104)	203	(101)	474	(198)
	Vocational school	4.0	270	(95)	191	(90)	461	(177)

*SD = Standard Deviation

		% of Test	Liste	ning	Read	ding	Total	
		takers	Mean	(SD)*	Mean	(SD)*	Mean	(SD)*
or	Social studies	10.1	347	(93)	290	(105)	636	(190)
	Health related	7.3	345	(94)	284	(107)	630	(194)
	Liberal arts	19.1	347	(93)	281	(107)	628	(192)
Major	Business related	16.9	340	(98)	284	(108)	623	(198)
2	Sciences	12.6	330	(93)	279	(102)	609	(187)
	Engineering	23.6	318	(95)	261	(104)	579	(191)
	Other	10.5	321	(103)	255	(111)	575	(206)
atus	Not employed	6.8	365	(89)	298	(104)	663	(185)
Current Status	Part time employee	5.6	336	(107)	276	(117)	612	(218)
rren	Full time employee	31.1	333	(97)	278	(106)	612	(196)
C	Full time student	56.5	324	(97)	262	(107)	585	(196)
						()		()
	Service-Foreign Affairs	0.2	392	(95)	343	(113)	735	(201)
	Mass Media	1.4	370	(90)	315	(104)	685	(187)
	Public Utility Production	1.7	366	(86)	317	(97)	684	(175)
	Service-Education (College or above)	2.6	366	(102)	316	(115)	682	(211)
	Service-Education (High school or below)	3.2	363	(99)	314	(109)	676	(201)
	Insurance	1.0	358	(83)	308	(93)	667	(168)
Type of Industry	Finance	5.8	357	(91)	309	(102)	666	(186)
npu	Manufacturing-Pharmaceuticals	2.2	355	(86)	305	(96)	660	(174)
e of	Other	6.7	355	(98)	300	(110)	655	(201)
Typ	Trading	3.4	352	(90)	296	(101)	648	(184)
	Telecommunication	2.4	346	(88)	290	(100)	636	(180)
	Real Estate	0.9	346	(91)	288	(102)	634	(185)
	Service-Other	12.0	343	(91)	287	(102)	630	(186)
	Service-Health	4.0	344	(91)	286	(104)	630	(187)
	Service-Legislative	5.5	333	(98)	282	(108)	615	(200)
	Manufacturing-Clothing	0.5	342	(93)	273	(107)	615	(192)
	*2	D = Standard D	eviation					

2024 REPORT ON TEST TAKES WORLDWIDE — TOEIC[®] LISTENING & READING TESTS

		% of Test	Liste	nina	Read	dina	То	tal
		takers	Mean	(SD)*	Mean	(SD)*	Mean	(SD)*
	Retail/Wholesale	2.2	338	(96)	275	(105)	613	(194)
	Transportation	3.3	338	(91)	272	(98)	610	(181)
	Service-Traveling	2.9	336	(101)	264	(108)	599	(200)
	Service-Armed forces	2.9	327	(108)	272	(117)	598	(218)
	Manufacturing-Food	2.0	327	(101)	267	(109)	594	(203)
ont.)	Construction	2.8	326	(100)	268	(107)	594	(200)
y (co	Manufacturing-Chemicals	3.5	319	(94)	272	(100)	590	(185)
Type of Industry (cont.)	Manufacturing-Petroleum	0.7	318	(106)	271	(111)	590	(211)
Ind	Manufacturing-Glass	0.3	319	(95)	269	(101)	589	(188)
e of	Manufacturing-Other	3.1	320	(103)	263	(111)	583	(206)
Тур	Agriculture	0.9	319	(105)	262	(111)	580	(209)
	Manufacturing-Metals	1.6	304	(98)	251	(104)	556	(195)
	Manufacturing-Machinery	6.4	302	(96)	247	(102)	549	(192)
	Manufacturing-Electronic	7.2	296	(99)	250	(103)	546	(195)
	Manufacturing-Vehicles	5.7	302	(93)	242	(101)	544	(187)
	Manufacturing-Fabric	1.0	284	(104)	232	(107)	516	(204)
	Teaching/Training	6.3	363	(102)	313	(113)	676	(208)
	Professional Specialist	9.5	350	(90)	303	(101)	653	(184)
	Clerical/Administrative	16.0	353	(93)	296	(104)	650	(190)
dol	Management	6.8	342	(104)	294	(112)	636	(209)
Type of Job	Services	7.1	345	(99)	283	(108)	628	(198)
Тур	Marketing/Sales	13.9	342	(91)	284	(100)	626	(183)
	Scientific/Technical Professionals	23.6	321	(92)	269	(101)	590	(186)
	Other	9.7	318	(110)	262	(118)	581	(221)
	Technician	7.0	307	(102)	253	(105)	559	(199)
-								
nt glisł	> 10 years	46.0	370	(88)	314	(102)	683	(182)
Years Spent Studying English	> 6 – 10 years	30.3	317	(92)	257	(100)	573	(184)
ears Iying	> 4 – 6 years	12.0	296	(95)	231	(99)	527	(186)
Y Stuc	< = 4 years	11.7	280	(96)	213	(98)	493	(186)
		SD = Standard D	eviation					

		% of Test	Liste	ning	Read	ding	То	tal
		takers	Mean	(SD)*	Mean	(SD)*	Mean	(SD)*
	Listening, Reading, Speaking and Writing	22.1	365	(96)	309	(110)	675	(199)
Most	Reading & Writing	5.5	336	(100)	283	(111)	619	(204)
kills I ized	Speaking	15.5	339	(95)	274	(106)	613	(193)
Language Skills Most Emphasized	Listening & Speaking	22.2	337	(94)	269	(106)	606	(192)
Emp	Writing	1.8	312	(108)	257	(116)	569	(217)
Lan	Reading	19.0	307	(92)	259	(100)	566	(183)
	Listening	14.0	314	(96)	249	(103)	562	(191)
			26-					
aily h	51–100%	5.2	397	(87)	338	(107)	735	(187)
nt Di nglis	21–50%	14.2	369	(91)	306	(108)	675	(191)
Sper 19 En	11–20%	21.7	347	(94)	286	(107)	633	(194)
Time Spent Daily Using English	1–10%	40.5	323	(95)	264	(104)	586	(191)
i F	None	18.4	299	(94)	243	(100)	541	(186)
	Listening, Reading, Speaking and	10.1	377	(92)	317	(110)	694	(195)
kills	Writing Reading & Writing	6.8	358	(94)	304	(108)	662	(194)
ge S Ofter	Listening & Speaking	15.7	341	(94)	271	(106)	611	(192)
English Language Skills Used Most Often	Reading	32.0	326	(94)	277	(103)	602	(189)
h Lai ed M	Listening	20.6	324	(99)	259	(107)	583	(199)
us. Us	Writing	2.6	316	(104)	259	(110)	575	(207)
Ξ	Speaking	12.3	318	(99)	250	(106)	568	(197)
glish n	Seldom	22.1	344	(98)	287	(109)	631	(200)
h En catio	Sometimes	36.1	346	(93)	285	(105)	630	(189)
y wit nuni	Frequently	17.4	328	(90)	265	(102)	593	(183)
Difficulty with English Communication	Almost never	15.6	323	(105)	269	(114)	593	(213)
Diff	Almost always	8.8	294	(98)	230	(104)	524	(193)

*SD = Standard Deviation

		% of Test	Listening		Read	ding	Total	
		takers	Mean	(SD)*	Mean	(SD)*	Mean	(SD)*
누굴	Yes, > 2 years	3.5	419	(80)	361	(101)	780	(174)
Time in English- Speaking Country	Yes, > 1–2 years	2.3	394	(91)	331	(107)	725	(191)
in En ng C	Yes, 6–12 months	4.2	386	(88)	320	(105)	705	(185)
ime eaki	Yes, < 6 months	19.7	351	(87)	289	(101)	640	(181)
ъq	No	70.3	320	(97)	262	(106)	582	(195)
in untry	Other	7.7	388	(94)	323	(110)	711	(196)
Time og Co	To study	21.4	385	(94)	325	(111)	711	(199)
Purpose for Time in English-Speaking Country	To work	14.1	368	(91)	312	(105)	680	(189)
urpos ish-Sp	To participate in language program	27.8	367	(83)	299	(99)	666	(173)
P Engli	To travel	29.0	349	(88)	288	(102)	637	(182)
e u	T I	22.5	250	(0.4)	200	(07)		(170)
ies tł s Tako	Three times or more	33.5	359	(84)	296	(97)	655	(172)
f Tim : Was	Twice	12.1	336	(92)	275	(103)	610	(186)
Number of Times the TOEIC Test Was Taken	Once	20.4	325	(96)	265	(107)	590	(195)
Num TOEI	Never	34.0	315	(104)	259	(113)	573	(210)
ing	For job application	27.0	351	(91)	284	(105)	635	(188)
r Tak C Tes	For learning	25.5	336	(96)	277	(107)	613	(196)
e for OEIC	For graduation	26.2	324	(103)	265	(113)	590	(209)
Purpose for Taking the TOEIC Test	To assess language program	10.0	324	(101)	263	(108)	588	(202)
Pu	For promotion	11.3	315	(94)	256	(102)	571	(188)

*SD = Standard Deviation

AGE

A closer look at the demographic categories revealed that across all countries, the typical TOEIC[®] test taker was between 21 and 25 years of age (44%). Twenty-two percent of test takers were 20 years of age or younger. Fifteen percent were between 26 and 30 years of age and the remaining 20% were 31 years of age or older.

Colombia (57%) and Indonesia (55%) had the highest percentages of test takers who were 20 years of age or younger. Morocco (77%) had the highest percentage of test takers between 21 and 25 years of age. For the 26 to 30 years of age group, Myanmar (35%) had the highest proportion of test takers.

Figure 2 shows the mean total TOEIC scores as illustrated by a composite of Listening Comprehension and Reading Comprehension scores.



Figure 2: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across Age Levels

GENDER

Overall, roughly equal proportions of males (50%) and females (50%) took the TOEIC[®] Listening and Reading test (as shown in Table 2).

Countries that had a large male test-taking population include Chile (69%) and Benin (64%). In other countries, there were higher proportions of female than male test takers. These countries included El Salvador (68%), Myanmar (67%), and Thailand (64%).

Figure 3 shows that females had higher average total scores than males for both Listening and Reading.



Figure 3: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across Gender

EDUCATION

More than half of test takers (56%) held an undergraduate degree as their highest degree or were pursuing an undergraduate degree at the time that they answered the Background Questionnaire. A higher percentage of women (58%) than men (54%) held or were pursuing an undergraduate degree as their highest degree. In contrast, a higher percentage of men (14%) than women (10%) held or were pursuing a graduate degree.

Because of differences among countries in educational systems, comparisons of educational level are somewhat subjective. Results show that the Philippines (84%), Thailand (78%), and Korea (77%) had the highest proportions of test takers holding or pursuing an undergraduate degree as their highest degree, while Morocco, Benin, and Tunisia (72% each) had the largest proportions of test takers holding or pursuing a graduate degree. Chile (28%) had the highest proportion of test takers with a vocational degree after high school.





ACADEMIC MAJOR

The largest percentage of TOEIC® Listening and Reading test takers majored in engineering (24%). The highest percentages of test takers with engineering majors were in Cameroon (58%), Benin (53%), and Lebanon (52%). Liberal arts (19%) and business-related majors (17%) were the second and third most popular majors. Costa Rica (39%) had the highest percentage of test takers with liberal arts majors. Countries with high percentages of test takers with business-related majors included Albania (56%), Peru (53%), India (47%), and Italy (45%).

Across all test takers, in terms of percentage, more females (27%) majored in liberal arts than males (12%), and more males (34%) majored in engineering than females (11%).



Figure 5: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across Academic Major

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Overall, the majority of TOEIC[®] Listening and Reading test takers were full-time students (57%). The Philippines (85%), Belgium (81%), and Cameroon (79%) had the highest proportions of full-time students.

Thirty-one percent of test takers indicated they were full-time employees. Results show that testing populations in China (71%), Mongolia (60%), Peru (53%), and Germany (51%) had the highest percentages of full-time employees.

In terms of percentage, more males (36%) than females (25%) were full-time employees. More females (60%) than males (54%) were full-time students.



Figure 6: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across Employment Status

TYPE OF INDUSTRY

As seen in Table 2, most test takers who were employed full-time worked in either the manufacturing or the service industries. Figures 7a (service), 7b (manufacturing) and 7c (other than service or manufacturing) provide average TOEIC[®] Listening and Reading scores for the various industry types.



Figure 7a: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across Type of Industry (Service)









TYPE OF JOB

The types of jobs performed by test takers varied greatly across countries. Overall, the largest group of test takers was scientific/technical professionals (24%).

Senegal (39%) and Benin (35%) had the largest percentages of test takers working in scientific/ technical positions. For management positions, Lebanon (23%) and Greece (22%) had the largest percentages of test takers. For teaching/training positions, Costa Rica (57%) had the largest percentage of test takers.

Overall, in terms of percentage, more females (10%) worked in teaching/training positions than males (4%). More females (24%) worked in clerical/administration positions than males (11%). More males (31%) worked in scientific/technical positions than females (12%).



Figure 8: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across Type of Job

YEARS SPENT STUDYING ENGLISH

The 2024 test takers exhibited very similar patterns to those in previous years in the length of time spent studying English. Seventy-six percent of 2024 test takers indicated that they studied English for more than six years. In contrast, countries that had high proportions of test takers who studied English for more than ten years included Hong Kong (73%), India (70%), Malaysia (68%), and Korea (67%).



Brazil and El Salvador (48% each) and Peru (46%) had the largest percentages of test takers who studied English for less than or equal to four years.

Figure 9: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across Years Spent Studying English

TYPE OF LANGUAGE SKILL MOST EMPHASIZED WHEN STUDYING ENGLISH

After indicating the number of years spent studying English, test takers were asked to identify which language skills were most emphasized during their studies. Twenty-two percent of all test takers indicated that all four English language skills (Listening, Reading, Speaking, and Writing) were emphasized. Similarly, twenty-two percent of test takers indicated that Listening and Speaking skills were the skills most emphasized.

Test takers from Greece (63%), India (62%), and Cameroon (56%) indicated an emphasis on all four English language skills.



Figure 10: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across Language Skills Most Emphasized

DAILY ENGLISH USE REQUIREMENT

In response to the question, "How much time must you use English in your daily life?," 41% of all test takers indicated that they had to use English for only 1 to 10% of their daily life. Japan (44%), China and Taiwan (43% each), and Korea (39%) had large proportions of test takers in this category. Test takers from Mongolia (34%) responded that they spent 11-20% of their daily life using English. Test takers in India (55%) indicated that they spent 51-100% of their daily life using English.



Figure 11: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across Time Spent Daily Using English

MOST FREQUENTLY USED LANGUAGE SKILL

Thirty-two percent of all test takers indicated that Reading was the English language skill that they used most often. Taiwan (42%), China and Peru (39% each), Chile (38%), and Japan (36%) had the highest percentages of test takers with Reading as their most used skill. For Listening, 21% of all test takers indicated that was the skill used most often. Countries that had high percentages of test takers selecting Listening include Madagascar (37%), Reunion and France (36% each). Ten percent of test takers indicated that they use all four language skills equally.

Overall, in terms of percentage, males were more inclined than females (36% vs. 28%) to choose Reading as the English language skill they used most often.



Figure 12: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across English Language Skills Used Most Often

DIFFICULTY WITH ENGLISH AFFECTING COMMUNICATION

When asked, "How often has difficulty with English affected your ability to communicate?," 36% of all test takers responded "sometimes," 22% responded that difficulty with English "seldom" affected their ability to communicate, and 17% responded that difficulty with English "frequently" affected their ability to communicate.



Figure 13: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across Difficulty with English Communication

TIME SPENT IN A NATIVE ENGLISH-SPEAKING COUNTRY

Respondents were asked, "Have you ever lived in a country in which English is the main spoken language?" Only 10% of all test takers indicated that they had spent six months or more in a country in which English was the main spoken language. Seventy percent indicated that they had never spent time in an English-speaking country.



Figure 14: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across Time in English-Speaking Country

PURPOSE FOR TIME IN A NATIVE ENGLISH-SPEAKING COUNTRY

In response to a question asking, "What was your main purpose for living in a country in which English is the main spoken language?," 29% indicated traveling as the purpose for spending time there. Similarly, 28% of test takers indicated they did so for the purpose of participating in a language program. In terms of percentage, more females (34%) than males (21%) indicated that the purpose was to participate in a language program. More males (20%) than females (8%) indicated that the purpose was to work.



Figure 15: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across Purpose for Time in English-Speaking Country

TOEIC® TEST-TAKING EXPERIENCE

The percentages of test takers who had previously taken the TOEIC[®] test varied widely across countries, from lows of 11% in Poland and 12% in Belgium, to highs of 73% in Japan and 72% in Korea. The majority of test takers (66%) had taken the TOEIC test before, with the largest percentage of test takers (34%) having taken the TOEIC test three or more times previously.



Figure 16: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across Number of Times the TOEIC Test Was Taken

PURPOSE FOR TAKING THE TOEIC® LISTENING AND READING TEST

High percentages of test takers indicated that the purpose of taking the TOEIC[®] Listening and Reading test was for job application (27%) and learning and graduation (26% each).

A large proportion of test takers in Mongolia (59%), Thailand (54%), Costa Rica (46%), and Korea (41%) took the test for job application purposes. For learning purposes, Myanmar (43%), Hong Kong (33%), and Japan (32%) had the highest proportions of test takers.

For graduation, Benin (83%), Cameroon (82%), Belgium (81%), and Morocco (80%) had the highest percentages of test takers.



Figure 17: Mean TOEIC Listening and Reading Scores Across Purpose for Taking the TOEIC Listening and Reading Test

APPENDIX A

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Background Questionnaire

Read the choices below each question and select the one best answer. Fill in only one answer for each question.

Section I.

Your educational and/or work-related backaround

- 1. Choose either the level of education in which you are currently enrolled or the highest level that you have completed.
 - Elementary school (primary school) Δ
 - B. General secondary school (junior high school)
 - C. Secondary school for university entrance qualification or equivalent (high school)
 - D. Vocational/technical high school
 - Vocational/technical school after high school E.
 - Community/junior college (for associate degree) F. G. Undergraduate college or university (for bachelor's degree)
 - H. Graduate or professional school (for master's or doctoral degree)
 - Language institution Ι.
- 2. Choose the major that you are currently enrolled in or the major of your highest degree. (The majors shown in parentheses are examples only.)
 - A. Liberal arts (education, fine arts, languages,
 - literature, music, psychology) Social studies/law (international studies, law R studies, political science, sociology)
 - Accounting/business/economics C.
 - D. Finance/marketing/trading
 - E. Sciences (agriculture, computer science, mathematics, physics, statistics)
 - Health (medicine, nursing, pharmacy, public F. health)
 - G. Engineering/architecture
 - H. Other/none
- 3. Which of the following best describes your current status?
 - A. I am employed full-time (including self-employed).
 - I am employed part-time and/or study R part-time.
 - C. I am not employed. (Skip to Question #6.)
 - D. I am a full-time student. (Skip to Question #6.)

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- 4. If you are currently employed, which industry best describes that of your current employer?
 - 01. Agriculture/fishing/forestry/mining
 - 02. Construction/building design
 - 03. Manufacturing-food
 - 04. Manufacturing—pharmaceuticals

 - 05. Manufacturing—chemicals06. Manufacturing—fabric/paper
 - 07. Manufacturing—oil/petroleum/rubber
 - 08. Manufacturing—steel/other metals
 - 09. Manufacturing—machinery/fine machinery
 - 10. Manufacturing—electronic
 - 11. Manufacturing—vehicles (includes manufacturing of all modes of transportation)
 - 12. Manufacturing—cement/glass
 - 13. Manufacturing—clothing
 - 14. Manufacturing—other
 - 15. Service-education (high school equivalent or below)
 - 16. Service—education (college equivalent or above, assessment, research)
 - 17. Service—court/legislative/municipal/prefecture
 - 18. Service—foreign affairs
 - 19. Service—armed forces
 - 20. Service—health/hospital/medical research
 - 21. Service—hotel/recreation/restaurant/travel
 - 22. Service—other
 - 23. Public utilities production/management (electricity/water supply)
 - 24. Broadcasting/mass media
 - 25. Telecommunication
 - 26. Retail/wholesale
 - 27. Trading
 - 28. Accounting/banking/finance/security
 - 29. Insurance
 - 30 Real estate
 - 31. Transportation
 - 32. Other
- 5. If you are currently employed, which of the following best describes the type of job you do? (The jobs shown in parentheses are examples only.)
 - Management (executive, manager, director) Α.
 - Scientific/technical professionals (engineer, B. mathematician, programmer, researcher, scientist)
 - Teaching/training C.
 - D. Professional specialist (accountant, broker, financial specialist, lawyer)

APPENDIX A (CONTINUED)



Background Questionnaire - Side 2

- E. Technician (carpenter, electrician, equipment operator, plumber)
- F. Marketing/sales (foreign exchange broker, marketing analyst, real estate agent, sales representative, travel agent)
- G. Clerical/administrative (office staff member, receptionist, secretary)
- H. Services (customer service representative, human resources representative, hotel staff member, public relations representative)
- l. Öther

Section II.

Your English-language experience

- 6. How many years have you spent studying English?
 - A. Less than or equal to 4 years
 - B. More than 4 years but less than or equal to 6 years
 - C. More than 6 years but less than or equal to 10 years
 - D. More than 10 years
- 7. Which of the following language skills are/were most emphasized?
 - A. Listening
 - B. Reading
 - C. Speaking
 - D. Writing
 - E. Listening and speaking
 - F. Reading and writing
 - G. Listening, reading, speaking, and writing
- 8. How much time must you use English in your daily life?
 - A. None at all
 - B. 1 to 10%
 - C. 11 to 20%
 - D. 21 to 50%
 - E. 51 to 100%
- 9. Which of the following English-language skills do you use most often?
 - A. Listening
 - B. Reading
 - C. Speaking
 - D. Writing
 - E. Listening and speaking
 - F. Reading and writing
 - G. Listening, reading, speaking, and writing

- 10. How often has difficulty with English affected your ability to communicate?
 - A. Almost never
 - B. Seldom
 - C. Sometimes
 - D. Frequently
 - E. Almost always
- 11. Have you ever lived in a country in which English is the main spoken language?
 - A. No (Skip to Question #13.)
 - B. Yes, for less than 6 months
 - C. Yes, for 6 to 12 months
 - D. Yes, for more than 1 but less than or equal to 2 years
 - E. Yes, for more than 2 years
- 12. What was your main purpose for living in a country in which English is the main spoken language?
 - A. To study (in other than an English-language program)
 - B. To participate in an English-language program
 - C. To travel (not work related)
 - D. To work
 - E. Other

Section III.

Your experience in taking the TOEIC° test

- 13. Before today, how many times have you taken the TOEIC test?
 - A. Never
 - B. Once
 - C. Twice
 - D. Three times or more
- 14. What is your main purpose for taking today's TOEIC test?
 - A. For a job application
 - B. For promotion
 - C. To assess the effectiveness of an Englishlanguage program
 - D. To assess future learning needs
 - E. To graduate from a course of study

APPENDIX B

RESPONSE RATES TO EACH BACKGROUND QUESTION

	Ν	Response Rate
Total number of people using the Background Questionnaire	3,229,884	•
Education	2,364,227	73%
Academic Major	2,149,984	67%
Current Status	2,322,547	72%
Type of Industry	763,170	90%
Type of Job	680,883	80%
Years Spent Studying English	2,002,780	62%
Language Skills Most Emphasized	1,990,875	62%
Time Spent Daily Using English	1,992,475	62%
English Language Skills Used Most Often	1,963,413	61%
Difficulty with English Communication	1,970,277	61%
Time in English-Speaking Country	1,960,118	61%
Purpose for Time in English-Speaking Country	571,217	98%
Number of Times the TOEIC Test Was Taken	2,141,058	66%
Purpose for Taking the TOEIC Test	2,074,933	64%

***Note:** N = 852,594 was used to calculate response rates for question 4 and 5 (after excluding test takers who selected option 03 and 04 in question 3); N = 581,787 was used to calculate the response rate for question 12 (after excluding test takers who selected option 01 in question 11).

APPENDIX C

CORRELATIONS BETWEEN LISTENING AND READING SCORES BY REGION

Region	Correlations
Africa	0.88
Asia	0.84
Europe	0.89
North America	0.92
South America	0.90



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